

# Networking

In this section, you can configure networking-related policies.

Wi-Fi configurations can be provisioned and managed by the system via **WiFi configurations**. Depending on the value set on **Configure Wi-Fi**, users may have limited or no control over adding/modifying networks.

## Device radio state

### 1. Wi-Fi state

Controls current state of Wi-Fi and if the user can change its state.

**User choice (default):** User is allowed to enable/disable Wi-Fi.

**Enabled:** Wi-Fi is on and the user is not allowed to turn it off (Android 13+).

**Disabled:** Wi-Fi is off and the user is not allowed to turn it on (Android 13+).

### 2. Minimum Wi-Fi security level

The minimum required security level of Wi-Fi networks that the device can connect to. Supported on Android 13 and above, for fully managed devices and work profiles on company-owned devices.

**Open network (default):** The device can connect to all types of Wi-Fi networks.

**Personal network:** Disallows open Wi-Fi networks; requires at least personal security (for example WPA2-PSK).

**Enterprise network:** Requires enterprise EAP networks; disallows Wi-Fi networks below this security level.

**192-bit enterprise network:** Requires 192-bit enterprise networks; strictest option.

### 3. Ultra wideband (UWB) state

Controls the state of the ultra wideband setting and whether the user can toggle it on or off.

**User choice (default):** The user is allowed to toggle UWB on or off.

**Disabled:** UWB is disabled and the user is not allowed to toggle it via settings (Android 14+).

# Device connectivity management

## 4. Bluetooth sharing

Controls whether Bluetooth sharing is allowed.

**Allowed:** Bluetooth sharing is allowed (default on fully managed devices, Android 8+).

**Disallowed:** Bluetooth sharing is disallowed (default on work profiles, Android 8+).

## 5. Configure Wi-Fi

Controls Wi-Fi configuring privileges. Depending on the selected option, the user has full, limited, or no control in configuring Wi-Fi networks.

**Allow configuring Wi-Fi (default):** The user is allowed to configure Wi-Fi.

**Disallow add Wi-Fi config:** Adding new Wi-Fi configurations is disallowed. The user can switch between already configured networks (Android 13+; fully managed and company-owned work profiles).

**Disallow configuring Wi-Fi:** Disallows configuring Wi-Fi networks. For fully managed devices this removes user-configured networks and retains only networks configured via **WiFi configurations**. For company-owned work profiles, existing networks are not affected but users cannot add/remove/modify Wi-Fi networks.

When configuring Wi-Fi is disabled and the device cannot connect at boot time, the system can show the **network escape hatch** to let the user temporarily connect and refresh policy.

## 6. Wi-Fi direct settings

Controls configuring and using Wi-Fi direct settings. Supported on company-owned devices running Android 13 and above.

**Allow (default):** The user is allowed to use Wi-Fi direct.

**Disallow:** The user is not allowed to use Wi-Fi direct.

## 7. Tethering settings

Controls tethering settings. Based on the value set, the user is partially or fully disallowed from using different forms of tethering.

**Allow all tethering (default):** Allows configuration and use of all forms of tethering.

**Disallow Wi-Fi tethering:** Disallows the user from using Wi-Fi tethering (company-owned Android 13+).

**Disallow all tethering:** Disallows all forms of tethering (fully managed + company-owned work profiles).

## 8. Wi-Fi SSID policy

Restrictions on which Wi-Fi SSIDs the device can connect to (this does not affect which networks can be configured on the device). Supported on company-owned devices running Android 13 and above.

**SSID denylist (default):** The device cannot connect to any Wi-Fi network whose SSID is listed, but can connect to other networks.

**SSID allowlist:** The device can connect only to the SSIDs listed. The SSID list must not be empty.

Use **Add SSID** to add entries. Depending on the selected policy type, the list is interpreted as allowed or denied SSIDs.

In the Policy Editor UI, the SSID list is labeled **Allowed Wi-Fi SSIDs** for allowlists and **Denied Wi-Fi SSIDs** for denylists.

## 9. Wi-Fi roaming settings

Configure Wi-Fi roaming mode per SSID. Use **Add Wi-Fi roaming setting** to create entries.

Each entry includes:

**SSID:** The SSID to which the roaming setting applies (required).

**Wi-Fi roaming mode:** Default / Disabled / Aggressive. Disabled and Aggressive require Android 15+ and are supported only on fully managed devices and work profiles on company-owned devices.

# Network restrictions

## 10. Bluetooth disabled

Whether bluetooth is disabled. Prefer this setting over Bluetooth config disabled because Bluetooth config disabled can be bypassed by the user.

## 11. Bluetooth contact sharing disabled

Whether bluetooth contact sharing is disabled.

## 12. Bluetooth config disabled

Whether configuring bluetooth is disabled.

## 13. Network reset disabled

Whether resetting network settings is disabled.

## 14. Outgoing beam disabled

Whether using NFC to beam data from apps is disabled.

# VPN

## 15. Always On VPN app

Specify an Always On VPN package name to ensure that data from specified managed apps will always go through a configured VPN.

Note: This feature requires deploying a VPN client that supports both Always On and per-app VPN features.

## 16. VPN lockdown

Disallows networking when the VPN is not connected.

## 17. VPN config disabled

Whether configuring VPN is disabled.

# Proxy and network services

## 18. Preferential network service

Controls whether preferential network service is enabled on the work profile. For example, an organization may have an agreement with a carrier that work data is sent via a carrier network service dedicated for enterprise use (for example, an enterprise slice on 5G networks). This has no effect on fully managed devices.

**Disabled:** Preferential network service is disabled on the work profile.

**Enabled:** Preferential network service is enabled on the work profile.

If you use enterprise network slicing, also configure **5G Network Slicing Configuration** under the **Cellular** policy panel and assign apps to a slice using their **Preferential Network** setting.

## 19. Recommended global proxy

The network-independent global HTTP proxy. Typically, proxies should be configured per-network in WiFi configurations. A global proxy may be useful for unusual configurations like general internal filtering. The global proxy is only a recommendation and some apps may ignore it.

**Disabled**

**Direct proxy**

**Proxy auto-config (PAC)**

### 19.1. Host

The host of the direct proxy.

### 19.2. Port

The port of the direct proxy.

### 19.3. PAC URI

The URI of the PAC script used to configure the proxy.

### 19.4. Excluded hosts

For a direct proxy, the hosts for which the proxy is bypassed. Host names may contain wildcards such as **\*.example.com**.

Use **Add excluded host** to add entries (available for direct proxy only).

## WiFi configurations

Define Wi-Fi network configurations that the system will apply on devices. Use **Add Wi-Fi configuration** to create an entry and remove it with the delete action.

## 20. Wi-Fi configuration fields

Each configuration includes:

**Configuration name:** Required.

**SSID:** Required.

**Auto connect:** Whether the network should be connected to automatically when in range.

**Fast Transition:** Whether the client should attempt to use Fast Transition (IEEE 802.11r-2008) with the network.

**Hidden SSID:** Whether the SSID will be broadcast.

**MAC randomization mode:** Hardware or Automatic (Android 13+).

## 20.1. Security

Wi-Fi security options:

**WEP-PSK:** WEP (Pre-Shared Key).

**WPA-PSK:** WPA/WPA2/WPA3-Personal (Pre-Shared Key).

**WPA-EAP:** WPA/WPA2/WPA3-Enterprise (Extensible Authentication Protocol).

**WPA3 192-bit mode:** WPA-EAP network allowing only WPA3 192-bit mode.

## 20.2. Passphrase (Pre-Shared Key)

Shown when Security is **WEP-PSK** or **WPA-PSK**. The passphrase is required.

## 20.3. EAP method (Enterprise)

Shown when Security is **WPA-EAP** or **WPA3 192-bit mode**. Select one EAP outer method:

**EAP-TLS**

**EAP-TTLS**

**PEAP**

**EAP-SIM**

**EAP-AKA**

## 20.4. Phase 2 authentication

Shown for tunneling outer methods (**EAP-TTLS** and **PEAP**).

**MSCHAPv2**

**PAP**

## 20.5. EAP credentials from users

When enabled, the system automatically applies EAP credentials on devices on a per-user basis. You can configure user credentials in the **Users** section.

## 20.6. Client certificate

For **EAP-TLS**, you can assign a client certificate used for Wi-Fi authentication. For more information read the [Certificate management](#) page.

If a certificate is already assigned, you can use **Open certificate** to view it or **Change certificate** to select a different one.

Alternatively, you can specify **Client certificate key pair alias**, which references a client certificate stored in the Android keychain and allowed for Wi-Fi authentication.

If both **Client certificate** and **Client certificate key pair alias** are set, the key pair alias is ignored.

## 20.7. Identity

Identity of user. For tunneling outer protocols (PEAP, EAP-TTLS), this is used to authenticate inside the tunnel, and **Anonymous identity** is used for the EAP identity outside the tunnel. For non-tunneling outer protocols, this is used for the EAP identity.

## 20.8. Anonymous identity

For tunneling protocols only, this indicates the identity of the user presented to the outer protocol.

## 20.9. Password

Password of user. If not specified, defaults to prompting the user.

## 20.10. Server CA certificates

List of CA certificates to be used for verifying the host's certificate chain. At least one CA certificate must match. For more information read the [Certificate management](#) page.

Use **Add Server CA certificate** to add entries and remove them with the delete action.

## 20.11. Domain suffix matches

A list of constraints for the server domain name. The entries are used as suffix match requirements against the DNS name(s) of the alternative subject name of an authentication server certificate.